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SHOT THE MARSHAL

Deputy J. B. McLellan Shot by
Ex-Deputy Whetstone.

THE WOUNDED MAN WILL DIE

Constable Flemming Kills Deputy Marshal
Sam Fritchard, of Idaho, While Serving a
Warrant—Ferdinand Van Zandt's Suicide.

ODGEN, Utah, March 5.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]—Another shooting scrape was added to those that have occurred in Odgen in the past two years. Shortly before midnight, Deputy United States Marshal J. B. McLellan was shot by ex-Deputy Marshal H. Whetstone in the saloon, owned by Rick & Robt. The same place where John Hamer was mortally wounded from a shot fired by James Griffin's revolver about a year and a half ago. Particulars as near as could be learned are as follows:

Deputy Marshal St. John, McLellan, Attorney Ogden Hiles, of Salt Lake, and Whetstone were seated in the wine room in the saloon, while having a social chat. Whetstone, who was a former deputy marshal, was sitting at the bar.

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MODERN ABSOLUTISM

Proposed Action Against Emperor
William's Pretensions.

HIS MAJESTY AS A WINE DRINKER

After Two Glasses of Champagne He Becomes
Talkative, and After Three Is Indiscreet
and Pugnacious.

BERLIN, March 5.—[Copyright, 1892, by New York Associated Press.]—Leaders of the National Liberal and Freisinnig parties are exchanging courtesies with a view to concerted action against the Emperor's pretensions. The leaders of the Freisinnig party want to challenge openly the

pretensions of the Emperor. The leaders of the National Liberal party want to challenge the Emperor's pretensions. The leaders of the Freisinnig party want to challenge the Emperor's pretensions.

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THE DANTZIC RIOTS

Lack of Work Among the People
Caused Them.

GIVE US BREAD OR GIVE US WORK

Harassment by Socialists—The Emperor Called
the Nero of Germany—Haters Declare
They Are Not Anarchists.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.]
BERLIN, March 5.—A dispatch from Dantzig says that serious rioting occurred there yesterday. As in Berlin, the trouble was caused by the large number of people out of work, and the danger of disorder was feared by the Emperor's recent utterances about crushing and driving out of Germany all those who oppose him. The rioting at Dantzig began by a mass meeting of the unemployed, at which fiery addresses were made by agitators and socialist orators. A delegation was appointed to call upon the chief local magistrate, who had been warned that the trouble was brewing. The magistrate received the delegation in the kindest manner, listened to all they had to say about their grievances and gave them some good advice as to observing a peaceful attitude in spite of their deplorable situation.

Another Tyranny Victim.
NEW YORK, March 5.—Another of the Massilia passengers died of typhoid today. The senatorial and house committees appointed to investigate the typhoid outbreak began work today.

THEIR DEPLORABLE SITUATION.
To this one of their delegates angrily replied: "Would you feel peaceful or be peacefully if your wife and children were crying at home for the bread you are not allowed to earn?"

The magistrate dodged the pointed question very cleverly and then gave the delegation some more advice, advising them to his own satisfaction at least, that it would certainly not further their interests and might injure them if they came into collision with the police. The magistrate informed the delegation that the local authorities anticipated some such visit had taken steps to provide relief works upon which the most needy of the unemployed could find work. When asked how many men he could find work for, the magistrate said that he feared the authorities could only employ one hundred and fifty or two hundred men. As there are, according to the estimate, some two or three thousand men at Dantzig in need of employment, this reply caused much further grumbling among the delegates, who asked: "And while one hundred and fifty or two hundred are earning bread, who is to feed the thousands who are hungry?"

To this question the magistrate could not find any reply, but he again advised the delegates to recommend to their comrades that law and order must be observed in spite of their deplorable situation. The delegates withdrew and later in the day some two hundred men from the unemployed masses of Dantzig were embarked on board a steamer and sent to the authorities and taken up the river to the spot where the relief works are situated. The departure of the happy few was greeted with a shout of joy by the thousands of other workmen who

SAVE THEM A HEARTY CHEER
as they steamed away, and who would have been most glad of the opportunity of accompanying them.

No sooner was the steamer out of sight than the angry feeling which animated the hungry army of unemployed laborers began to smolder and smolder again. There was much shouting and swearing. Many utter things were said about the Emperor, and then the socialist and anarchist orators, seeing that the temper of the mob was getting out of hand, began to harangue the crowds, telling them of their wrongs, of the oppression of the poor, and of the cruel bearing of the Emperor.

THE HERO OF GERMANY,
who, they said, instead of being in sympathy with the masses of the poverty-stricken people throughout the country, was unable to obtain work enough to keep their families from starving. They threatened those who were opposed to this order of things and announced his intention of driving from Germany the people who raised their voices in protest against this treatment. No sooner was the mob of about two thousand men spread themselves in detachments over the neighborhood and pillaged a number of baker shops, which were completely gutted of their contents.

THE POLICE TRIED IN VAIN
to stem the human torrent, but it gained force with the demolition of the baker's stores and turned its attention to the butcher shops, which were quickly emptied of their contents.

There was a strange scene. Immense piles of stolen meat and bags of flour were gathered at convenient spots and the work of equalizing the riot was begun. Rioters guarded these stores of provisions, while others measured out the meat and flour to the starving mob. But it was for themselves that these provisions were taken. Each man as he approached the distributing pile was asked how many people he had in his family and how many were in his family. If the number was given he was handed a piece of meat and a measure of two of flour, according to the needs of his household. While the work of the riot was going on in an orderly manner in the public streets,

SKIRMISHING PARTIES OF RIOTERS
were keeping the police, who were greatly outnumbered, at bay by pelting them with stones or charging bodily upon them and driving them from the scene. Many other skirmishing parties emptied wine stores, grocery stores and other places where food and drink were to be had, until every man among the rioters had his share of provisions of some kind or another.

The mob, in spite of this rioting, was orderly, if such term can be applied to rioters. The chief magistrate, while the rioting was in progress, appeared on the scene surrounded by a detachment of police and implored the rioters to maintain order and to go to their homes.

WITHOUT DOING ANY FURTHER DAMAGE,
proclaiming that if the men would go back to their homes that the local authorities would overlook so far as possible, the damage already done and that they would do no more damage. The rioters listened impatiently to all the magisterial talk and to the promises of the chief magistrate, and then they went on their way and we will go with them. It will have worked for our starving families. It is a worse crime to see them starve to death before our eyes. Leave us alone and all will be well. If you provoke us you must take the consequences and the streets of Dantzig may be

HIDDEN BENEATH ASHES AND BLOOD.
These sentiments evidently met with the indorsement of the mob, for a roar of hearty approval greeted them, and in view of the threatening attitude of the mob, the large majority of them being armed with sticks, tools, stones, and in some cases firearms, the magistrate deemed it wise to best a retreat. During this retreat a shot from a revolver was fired, probably by a drunken man among the rioters, and the result was that he was immediately set

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